

Takaka Catchment Soils and Land Use

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Takaka Soils: Available Information

- Published information from the Fundamental Soils Layer based on Soil Bureau Bulletin 27 (1968),
- Updated 1977 with the NZLRI project.
- In 2005 Council began more detailed soil mapping for the Takaka Valley and Puramahoi Plains
 - New data is to a 1:10,000 scale more suitable for property level use
 - Allows for remapping of land productivity classifications and soil versatility mapping
 - Provides soil water holding capacity









TDC Soil Mapping:

Takaka Valley 1:10000

12800 hectares

From Pigville gully in the south.

Onekaka in the west

and Pohara to the east



Outside the TDC soil mapping area we are reliant on the Fundamental soils layer for information.

Example: Unconfined aquifer area





• Puramahoi Soils

- Alluvial deposits on the Puramahoi Plains
- Well drained, to moderately deep soils
- Silt loam topsoil
- Versatile class A soils



Ohanau Soils

- Older terraces
- Pakahi land
- Grey coloured layer with iron pan
- Severe limitations to intensive use
- Class E soils









"Smap" soil information sheet example

Takaka (Selwyn_46.1)

Key physical properties Deep (> 1 m) Depth class (diggability) Silty Loam Texture profile Unlimited Potential rooting depth No significant barrier within 1 m Rooting barrier Stoneless Topsoil stoniness Topsoil clay range 20 - 35 % Well drained Drainage class Unlimited Aeration in root zone Permeability profile Moderate No slowly permeable horizon Depth to slowly permeable horizon Moderate (4 - 72 mm/h) Permeability of slowest horizon Profile available water (0 - 100cm or root barrier) (0 - 60cm or root barrier) High (106 mm) (0 - 30cm or root barrier) High (57 mm) Dry bulk density, topsoil 1.09 (g/cm3) Dry bulk density, subsoil 1.30 (g/cm3) No hard rock within 1 m Depth to hard rock No soft rock within 1 m Depth to soft rock Depth to stony layer class No significant stony layer within 1 m Key chemical properties

Topsoil P retention

Low (19%)

Family: f

Takaka (Selwyn_46.1)

Family: f

Additional factors to consider in choice of crop and irrigation management practices

Vulnerability classes relate to soil properties only and do not take into account climate or management

Soil structure integrity				
Erodibility of soil material	Moderate			
Structural vulnerability				
Pugging vulnerability	not available yet			
Water management				
Water logging vulnerability	Very low			
Drought vulnerability - if not irrigated	Low			
Bypass flow	Low			
Hydrological soil group	A			
Contaminant management				
N leaching vulnerability	Low			
P leaching vulnerability	High			
Bypass flow	Low			
Dairy effluent (FDE) risk category	C if slope > 7 deg otherwise D			

Additional information

Soil classification	Typic Fluvial Recent Soils
Family	f
Sibling number	46
Profile texture group	Silty
Soil profile material	Stoneless soil
Rock class of stones/rocks	Not Applicable
Rock origin of fine earth	From Hard Sandstone Rock
Parent material origin	Alluvium

Takaka Soils: State

- Soil Health Monitoring Programme "500 Soils"
 - Monitoring of 8 sites in 2009 and 2 additional sites in 2010 in the Takaka Valley (dairy, beef and horticulture)
- Visual Soil Assessment (VSA)
 - "Glendale" Dairy Factory Farm from 2006 to 2011



"500 Soils" Sampling

- Total Carbon
- Total Nitrogen
- Mineralisable Nitrogen
- Soil pH
- Olsen P
- Bulk density
- Macroporosity
- Aggregate stability
- Trace elements







Results

- Total C
- Total N
- Min. N
- Olsen P
- pH optimal
- Bulk density adequate
- Macroporosity very low to adequate

normal

normal to ample

adequate to high

very low to ample

• Aggregate stability ample





VSA at Glendale

- 6 soil types monitored over six years
- Included dairy shed effluent application areas

Results

- All sites ranked "good"
- No significant changes with time.



Land Use Information



New Zealand Land Cover Data Base LCDB Artificial Surfaces

- LCDB 1: 1996/97
- LCDB 2: 2001/02
- LCDB 3: 2007/08
- LCDB 4: 2012/13

Cov	er Data Base 🛛
Artifi	cial Suffaces
	Bull Fup Area (se lileme nů
	Surface Mine's and Dumps
	Thansport Initias inuclure
	Urban Parkland/Open Space
Bare	or Lightly Vegetated Surfaces
	Sand and Grauel
	Landslide
	Alpline O rass/ He ronield
	Graue Land Rock
	Permanen i Snow and Ice
Wate	r Bodies
	Lake or Pond
	River
	Estuarine Open Water
Crop	land
	Shor Fro lation Cropland
	Orchard Vineyard and Other Perennial Crops
Gras	sland, Sedge and Saltmarsh
	High Producing Exolic Grassland
	Low Producing Grassland
	Tall Tussock Grassland
	De piele d'Orassiand
	Herbaceous Freshwaler Vegelation
	Herbaceous Saline Vegetation
	Flaxland
Scrut	b and Shrubland
	Fe mland
	Gorse and/or Broom
	Manuka and for Kanuka
	Broadle aued indigenous Hardwoods
	Sub Alpine Shrubland
	Mixed Exolic Shrubland
	Malagouri or Grey Scrub
Fore:	st
	Forest-Haruesled
	De dd uous Hard woods
	Indigenous Foresi
	Ecolic Forest
	Mangroue



LCDB 4

Land Use Information

- Statistics NZ
- Compliance Monitoring
- Resource Monitoring and assessment
- Industry data



Dairy compliance work 2013 data

locality	Area (ha)	Number of	Herd size	Cows/ha	
		cows	average	average	
Takaka Valley	2665	7445	354	2.74	
Kotinga/Anatoki	1132	3055	339	2.60	
Motupipi	1029	2741	249	2.88	
Puramahoi/Onekaka	1147	3055	235	2.74	



Resource data: Irrigated area

Table 4 Consented water use (1000s m³/ week), estimated annual actual irrigated use and area irrigated (ha) in the AMA recharge zone by selected dates until 2012 (from TDC consent records).

Year	Pre 70	1982	1987	1992	1997	2002	2007	2012
Water	3	6	9	9	7	7	10	10
supply								
Irrigated	0	0	32 ²	32	28	30	163	287
volume								1
Total water	3	6	41	41	35	38	173	297
consented								Y
Est. annual	0	0	111	111	99	106	572	1010
irrigated use ³							>	
Irrigated area	0	0	91	91	181	196	655	1021

1. Domestic, stock and dairy washing

2. From 1983

 Based on metered water returns over 4 growing seasons (mean 16% of weekly consented total use for 5 months)

